**A Guide to Juvenile Fines and Fees**

**Financial Documents**

Parents are required to complete and return the Juvenile Financial Documents to income qualify for some County services as well as help to determine monthly installment payment amounts.

**Costs Parents and Guardians are Responsible to Pay**

* Detention Costs
* Public Defender Costs

**Costs Parents, Guardians, and Juvenile are Responsible to Pay**

 **(Joint and Several)**

* Court Ordered Fines and Fees
* Victim Restitution
* Installment Payment Fee

**Payment Options**

You may pay by cash, credit card (Visa, MasterCard, and American Express),and debit card with a Visa or MasterCard logo, cashier ’s check, money order, or personal check.

* ***Pay In Person or By Mail***

 Payments can be made at:

 Recovery and Reimbursement

 220 South Lassen, Suite 3

 Susanville, Ca. 96130

 Please make checks or money order to **Recovery and Reimbursement**.

\*\*\*Include your client number or docket number on all checks or money orders to ensure proper processing.

* ***Pay Online***

You may pay by credit card (Visa, MasterCard, and American Express),and debit card with a Visa or MasterCard logo.

Payments can be made on [www.officalpayments.com](http://www.officalpayments.com) –choose local payments

**Note:** Additional fees of $2.95 apply for all credit card and debit card payments.

* ***Online Banking***

Check with your financial institution for information regarding online bill pay. Please make online banking checks payable to **Recovery and Reimbursement**.

\*\*\*Include your client number or docket number on all checks to ensure proper processing.

**Failure to Pay**

Failure to pay court-ordered fine, fee, or penalty could result in collection through the following:

1. Hearing for allegation of Violation of Probation
2. Wage garnishment
3. Liens on property
4. Franchise Tax Board- Tax Refund Intercept
5. Franchise Tax Board- Collection Agency
6. Civil Assessment
7. Outside collection agency

**Bankruptcy Information**

Court-ordered fines, fees, and assessments are ***NOT*** eligible for discharge.

Any fines, fees, and restitution imposed by the court are still enforced as outlined in Title 11 of USCS, §523, “Exceptions to discharge” (a)(6), (7), (9), and (13). These codes state in part, “…to the extent debt is for a fine, penalty, forfeiture payable to and for the benefit of a government unit, and is not compensation for actual pecuniary (commercial) loss, other than a tax penalty.”